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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/925,638	08/09/2001	Allison J. Tanner	D-16699	4427	
7	590 01/15/2003				
Tom Beall, Esq.			EXAMINER		
Corning Incorporated SP-TI-03-1 Corning, NY 14831			NORDMEYER	NORDMEYER, PATRICIA L	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1772		
			DATE MAILED: 01/15/2003		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		CL				
. ` .	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
`	09/925,638	TANNER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	Patricia L. Nordmeyer	1772				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cov r sh t with the correspond nce address Period for Reply						
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period we Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. O (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
2a)☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Thi	s action is non-final.					
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims	-x parte Quayle, 1955 C.D. 11, 4	33 O.G. 213.				
4) Claim(s) 1-23 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-12</u> is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) <u>13-23</u> are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.						
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.						
12)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120						
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).						
 a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121. 						
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Applicant's election of Group I, claims 1 - 12, in Paper No. 3 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112: The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- Claim 12 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for 3. failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The molecular formula "C₁₀H₂₀O₅Si" in claim 12 is unclear, which renders the claim vague and indefinite. The name of the molecular formula needs to be written out as it is in claim 7.

Correction/clarification is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1 4, 6 9, 11 and 12 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shukla et al. (USPN 6,458,275) in view of Thurn et al. (USPN 4,076,550).

Shukla et al discloses a multiwell plate (Column 2, lines 30 - 32) where the sidewalls of the wells are formed from a polymeric material such as polystyrene (Column 2, lines 34 - 36) and the closure mat that forms the bottom wall of the wells is made from an inorganic material such as glass (Column 2, lines 40 - 44). The closure mat is attached to the wells through an adhesive strip, sheet or layer (Column 3, lines 8 - 9). However, Shukla et al. fails to disclose an additive that is mixed with the adhesive that interacts with the adhesive, frame and layer in a manner which strengthens a bond between said frame and said layer, the additive being a silane monomer and the additive being 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate.

Thurn et al. teaches a silane additive, which is chosen from a variety of compounds including 3-(trimethoxysilyl)propyl methacrylate (Column 5, line 47 to Column 6, line 28), combined with a resin (Column 1, lines 51 - 53) for the purpose of promoting adhesion between different materials including glass and polystyrene (Column 1, lines 46 - 50).

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It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the applicant's invention was made to have provided the chosen silane additive mixed with the adhesive material in Shukla et al. in order to promote adhesion between different materials including glass and polystyrene as taught by Thurn et al.

Regarding the limitations of the glass of the bottom wall being cleaned by pyrolysis in claim 4 and the upper plate being treated with a plasma to create reactive groups that interact with the adhesive and the silane monomer in claim 11, the determination of patentability for a product-by-process claim is based on the product itself and not on the method of production. If the product in the product-by-process claim is the same or obvious from a product of the prior art, the claim is unpatentable even though the prior product was made by a different process. In re Thorpe, 227 USPQ 946, 966 (Fed. Cir. 1985) and MPEP §2113. In this case, the limitation of cleaning by pyrolysis and plasma treatment are methods of production and therefore do not determine the patentability of the product itself. Process limitations are given little or no patentable weight. The method of forming the product is not germane to the issue of patentability of the product itself. Further, when the prior art discloses a product which reasonably appears to be either identical with or only slightly different than a product claim in a product-by-process claim, the burden is on the Applicant to present evidence from which the Examiner could reasonably conclude that the claimed product differs in kind from those of the prior art. In re Brown, 459 F.2d 531, 173 USPQ 685 (CCPA 1972); In re Fessman, 489 F.2d 742, 180 USPQ 324 (CCPA 1974).

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6. Claims 5 and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shukla et

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al. in view of Thurn et al. as applied to claims 1-4, 6-9, 11 and 12 above, and further in view

of Perlman (USPN 5,858,770).

Shukla et al., as modified with Thurn et al., discloses the claimed multiwell plate formed

from polystyrene and glass which is attached by an adhesive containing a silane monomer

additive. However, Shukla et al. in view of Thurn et al. fails to disclose the adhesive being a

non-cytotoxic adhesive.

Perlman teaches a non-cytotoxic pressure sensitive acrylic adhesive material (Column 10,

lines 4-6) on a sealing membrane for a cell culture plate (Column 9, lines 5-13) for the

purpose of maintaining a sterile environment in the cell culture (Column 7, lines 27 - 30).

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the applicant's

invention was made to have provided non-cytotoxic adhesive in Shukla et al. in order to maintain

a sterile environment in the cell culture as taught by Perlman.

Conclusion

7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure.

U.S. Patent No. 6,171,780 to Pham et al. and U.S. Patent No. 5,302,515 to Goodwin, Jr.

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are cited to show the state of the art.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Patricia L. Nordmeyer whose telephone number is (703) 306-5480. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon.-Thurs. from 7:00-4:30 & alternate Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Harold Y. Pyon can be reached on (703) 308-4251. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0661.

Patricia L. Nordmeyer Examiner Art Unit 1772

January 9, 2003

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